

Calculating Power Required. Theory.

Basically, we have to consider the volts per meter, the height of the septum, an allowance for voltage peaks caused by amplitude modulation and the flatness with frequency. For flatness, we generally allow 3 dB, this only takes effect after the first resonance point.

The example above shows 10 V/m with a GTEM 250

GTEM 250

Septum height = 0,250 m

Flatness = 3 dB = 2

Power Required = $(E \times h)^2 / R \times Flatness \times Modulation Allowance$

Where E = required field strength: h = septum height: R = GTEM input impedance (500hm)

Power Required = $(10 \times 0.250)^2 / 50 \times 2 \times 3.24 = 0.25$ Watt

Power required for all GTEM 250 with 80 % amplitude modulation.

GTEM-250 Calculating Power requirement					
Field Strenght E	Required power CW				
V/m	3dB = 2	80% AM	Watts	Watts	
3	2	3,24	0,073	0,0225	
10	2	3,24	0,81	0,25	
30	2	3,24	7,29	2,25	
100	2	3,24	81	25	
200	2	3,24	324	50	

GTEM 400

Septum height = 0,400 m

Flatness = 3 dB = 2

Power Required = $(E \times h)^2 / R \times Flatness \times Modulation Allowance$

Where E = required field strength: h = septum height: R = GTEM input impedance (500hm)

Power Required = $(50 \times 0.400)^2 / 50 \times 2 \times 3.24 = 51.84$ Watt

Power required for GTEM 400 with 80 % amplitude modulation.

GTEM-400 Calculating Power requirement						
Field Strenght	Field Strenght E Flatness Modulation allowance Required power modulated Required power CW					
V/m	3dB = 2	80% AM	Watts	Watts		
3	2	3,24	0,19	0,07		
10	2	3,24	2,07	0,64		
50	2	3,24	51,84	16		
100	2	3,24	199,68	61,73		

GTEM 500

Septum height = 0.5 m

Flatness = 3 dB = 2

Power Required = $(E \times h)^2 / R \times Flatness \times Modulation Allowance$

Where E = required field strength: h = septum height: R = GTEM input impedance (500hm)

Power Required = $(10 \times 0.50)^2 / 50 \times 2 \times 3.24 = 3.24$ Watt

Power required for all GTEM 500 with 80 % amplitude modulation.

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GTEM-500 Calculating Power requirement						
Field Strenght E Flatness Modulation allowance Required power modulated Required power CW						
V/m	3dB = 2	80% AM	Watts	Watts		
3	2	3,24	0,09	0,29		
10	2	3,24	3,24	1		
30	2	3,24	29,16	9		
100	2	3,24	324	100		
200	2	3,24	1296	200		

GTEM 750

Septum height = 0.75 m Flatness = 3 dB = 2

Power Required = $(E \times h)^2 / R \times Flatness \times Modulation Allowance$

Where E = required field strength: h = septum height: R = GTEM input impedance (50 Ohm)

Power Required = $(10 \times 0.75)^2 / 50 \times 2 \times 3.24 = 7.29$ Watt

Power required for all GTEM 750 with 80 % amplitude modulation.

1 on of results and 12 miles with 50 % amplitude medication					
GTEM-750 Calculating Power requirement					
Field Strenght E Flatness Modulation allowance Required power modulated Required pow					
V/m	3dB = 2	80% AM	Watts	Watts	
3	2	3,24	0,66	0,20	
10	2	3,24	7,29	2,25	
20	2	3,24	29,16	9	
30	2	3,24	65,61	20,25	
50	2	3,24	182,25	56,25	
100	2	3,24	729	225	
200	2	3,24	2916	900	

GTEM 1000

Septum height = **1,0** m

Flatness = 3 dB = 2

Power Required = $(E \times h)^2 / R \times Flatness \times Modulation Allowance$

Where E = required field strength: h = septum height: R = GTEM input impedance (500hm)

Power Required = $(10 \ 1,0)^2 / 50 \ x \ 2 \ x \ 3,24 = 12,96 \ Watt$

Power required for all GTEM 1000 with 80 % amplitude modulation.

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GTEM-1000 Calculating Power requirement						
Field Strenght E	Field Strenght E Flatness Modulation allowance Required power Required power modulated Required power CW					
V/m	3dB = 2	80% AM	Watts	Watts		
3	2	3,24	1,17	0,36		
10	2	3,24	13	4		
20	2	3,24	116	36		
100	2	3,24	1296	400		

GTEM-1500

Septum height = 1,5 m

Flatness = 3 dB = 2

Power Required = $(E \times h)^2 / R \times Flatness \times Modulation Allowance$

Where E = required field strength: h = septum height: R = GTEM input impedance (500hm)

Power Required = $\frac{(10 \times 1.5)^2}{50}$ x 2 x 3.24 = 29,16 Watt

Power required for all GTEM 1500 with 80 % amplitude modulation.

GTEM-1500 Calculating Power requirement						
Field Strengl	Field Strenght E Flatness Modulation allowance Required power modulated Required power CW					
V/m	3dB = 2	80% AM	Watts	Watts		
10	2	3,24	29,16	4,5		
30	2	3,24	262,44	40,5		
100	2	3,24	2916	450		

The field strength at the position of the EUT is

$$E = \frac{\sqrt{P \cdot Z}}{h}.\tag{2.2}$$

So the field strength is a function of the input power and the distance h from the bottom outer to the center conductor. In figure 2.3 the nominal field strength in the testing volume is plotted against h for different values of P with a characteristic line impedance of $Z=50~\Omega$.

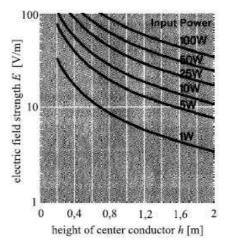


Figure 2.3: The calculated nominal field strength in the center of the volume below the center conductor as a function of input power and distance h between the bottom outer conductor and the center conductor.

A nominal field strength in the testing area of 10 V/m will meet most requirements for EMC measurements. For a small cell with a distance h=0.5 m at the testing volume a nominal field strength of 10 V/m can be achieved with an input power of P=0.5 W according to (2.2). Even for larger cells the input power is much less than the necessary input power for susceptibility measurements performed in anechoic rooms, where the EUT is typically situated 3 or 10 m from the transmitting antenna.