



LSI LASTEM s.r.L

40 years of experience in environmental technology

Since 1972, LSI LASTEM Srl of Milano (Italy) develops, manufactures and delivers worldwide the most complete range of high quality environmental monitoring systems. LSI LASTEM instruments suits virtually any type of application, guaranteeing accurate and reliable measurement of environmental parameters both for portable and long term monitoring, outdoors and indoors. Our comprehensive range of products includes sensors, data acquisition systems, software and installation accessories.



Instrumentation for indoor and outdoor environmental monitoring applications

LSI Lastem catalogue features one of the most complete ranges of instruments available on the market. We supply our products as complete, turn-key solutions or as components for third-party integration.



METEOROLOGICAL SENSORS

Our broad range of sensors covers virtually any meteorological parameter, including wind, temperature, relative humidity, solar radiation, rain, atmospheric pressure, evaporation, visibility and more.



INDOORS SENSORS

A full set of sensors for high-end indoors monitoring applications including solutions for temperature, relative humidity, air speed, light, radiative quantities, pressure, gas concentration and more.

DATA LOGGERS and SOFTWARE A complete range of data loggers for

environmental applications, featuring low power consumption, protection against severe environmental conditions and extensive set of signal supported and communication protocols.





Systems

LSI Lastem knowledge and expertise, the result of 40 years of business in the environmental market, has helped customers put together an incredible number of application-specific monitoring solutions.

INDOORS APPLICATIONS

Indoor Environmental Quality

Since his inception, indoor environmental assessment has been LSI Lastem's core business. Over the years, we implemented the most complete range of systems to measure the critical quantities defining health and comfort of building occupants.

Heat stress and thermal comfort

State-of-the-art systems for the measurement of thermal comfort and heat/cold stress in health and safety applications according to relevant ISO standards. Over the years this application has become a true LSI Lastem's specialty.



🕩 HVAC

Complete solutions for thermal comfort and indoor air quality monitoring in order to regulate HVAC (Heating, Ventilation Air Conditioning) systems performances and attain a better thermal sensation with optimal energy expenditures.

Buildings assessment/Wall insulation

Complete systems for testing building environmental performances as function of energy saving capacity and related environmental comfort (Green Building Rating Tools) - including wall thermal transmittance, thermal comfort, indoor air quality and ventilation, light controls.

Controlled Atmosphere Processing Environments

Monitoring of ambient temperature, relative humidity, air speed, pressure, IAQ and other parameters relevant for optimal storing and processing purposes in clean rooms, white chambers, laboratories, warehouses, caves and green houses.

Museums and heritage

Practicing on Italy's immense cultural and artistic heritage and in cooperation with the most renowned restoration institutes, LSI Lastem has implemented monitoring solutions for the critical environmental and chemical parameters affecting conservation of artworks in museums, archeological sites and natural caves.







MW9000-ENG

ENVIRONMENT AND POLLUTION

Air Quality Monitoring

Meteorological measurements for the analysis of the atmosphere dynamics and data correlation for air quality networks, stack emissions and gas analyzers systems.

Landfills and waste plants monitoring

Monitoring of meteorological parameters in environmental-hazardous plants such as landfills and waste treatment plants. Solutions for odours dynamics, rain quantity and deepwater level&quality.

Compost and biofilters

Systems to monitor the compost maturation process and bio-filtration activity. We provide solutions for temperature, oxygen and water content monitoring, for on-line (wireless or cabled) and portable applications.

METEOROLOGICAL APPLICATIONS

AWS and Synoptic Meteorological systems Complete surface weather observation systems according to WMO standards for general or specific meteorological observations, operating individually or in networks.

Road and transportation monitoring systems

Meteorological measurements systems for roads, railroads, seaports and airports-including specific parameters such as wind, visibility, precipitation intensity and type, road-surface conditions and present weather.

Hydrology systems

Meteorological systems to control water both as a resource and as a hazard in hydrological networks and water-basin management including measures of rain intensity, level and quality of water and snow.

Agrometeorology

Climate is the single most important factor for crops growth and health. We offer a complete range of application-specific monitoring for leaf wetness, evapotranspiration, soil water content and photosyntheticactive radiation.

Wind energy

From site assessment to wind turbine control, our complete meteorological catalogue with its full range of anemometers and data logger, gives wind energy professionals one of the most complete arrays of solutions available on the market.

Solar energy

As Italy evolved into a premium solar energy market, we became the preferred choice for plant owners, EPC contractors and monitoring systems producers as we developed a unique knowledge of the application to go along with our meteorological and radiometric know-how.



























- 1972 Laboratori di Strumentazione Industriale (LSI) Spa is organized in Milano by former members of a previously existing electronic research company (LRE) and begins the production of electrical thermometers. Soon afterwards, the company adds systems to measure relative humidity through the psychrometric method and hot-wire anemometers to his portfolio.
- 1975 The company introduces graphic recorders for the online printing of the measured values and a line of converters for the connection of sensors to industrial systems. In just a short time, the range of products and measured quantities is remarkably increased with the introduction of sensors for the measurement of different types of temperature radiant, contact and of liquids, along with luxmetric sensors and hygrometers.





- 1979 Introducing the LASTEM logo, the company begins the production and distribution of his line of sensors and data acquisition systems specific for meteorological applications. LASTEM Srl is now operative.
- 1980 LSI is the first company in Italy to produce instruments for the measurement and storage of the thermal environments parameters requested in the health and safety regulations in working environments.



1985 - LSI and LASTEM transfer their head offices from Viale Liguria (Milan) to the current Settala (MI) headquarters, consisting in three twin buildings.

1990 - After the consolidation of computer technology and storage possibilities, LSI develops a series of PC-compatible acquisition systems and software.



1995 - A new concept of measurement is then started: multimeasurement system - one single system able to measure not just a few parameters, but a whole range of quantities which, altogether, can solve a specific application need.

The multi-measurement concept has been a company mainstay since, widening the range of sensors for the measurement of environmental quantities such as gas concentration, thermic flows, lux and radiation.



● **2000** - LSI further develops its range, with a new sensor line equipped with data transmission via radio to data acquisition systems.

2004 - Aiming at offering a more complete range of services and better quality standards to his clients, LSI creates the new "After-Sale Services" division, designed to offer support and service after the purchase of the instruments: Telephonic Assistance, Data Collection, Repair Service and External Assistance.



● **2006** – LSI and LASTEM are united under the same brand and logo, with the new LSI LASTEM name.

2010 – A new concept of multi-position measurement is started: thanks to radio technology applied to data loggers and sensors, the multi-measurement concept is extended to a multi-position concept. Now LSI Lastem can develop complex systems producing simultaneous measurement of a number of parameters in different positions of the targeted environment.

LSI LASTEM Headquarters Settala (MI) ITALY



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LSI LASTEM headquarters in Settala, near Milano, Italy is a 1325 m², 3 twin-building structure that's been home to our company since 1985. Here, a team of 30 professionals is employed in engineering, production, aftersales, marketing and administration departments.

R&D

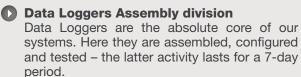
Each and every LSI Lastem product is designed, developed and tested here. Our skill set includes physics, mechanics, electronics, firmware and software engineering.

Mechanical Shop

The backbone of LSI Lastem products takes shape in our in-house shop. Our expert craftsmen produce here sensor bodies, supports and mechanical components.

Sensors assembly division

Given our extensive range of sensors, this is always one of the busiest areas of the company. After completion, sensors are moved in the nearby calibration laboratories for testing.













Calibration Laboratories

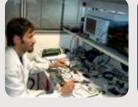
To ensure consistent and dependable performance, we calibrate each sensor against traceable standards in a specific calibration facility. Our laboratory is accredited by ACCREDIA Italian Accreditation System, the National Body for accreditation activities, equivalent to ISO/IEC 17025.





Aftersales

We have a skilled, dedicated team for aftersales services. Their duties include repairs, calibrations, on-site installations and maintenance. In addition, we perform data management services to our customer - data download, validation and web publication.





Training

We have always believed in the benefit of offering training for our customers to make the use of our system more productive and easier. That's why we have a dedicated room for our year-round training seminars.







Parameter			Para
rarameter	Order numb.	Pag.	i di di
Air temperature	DMA033	10	
	EST033	10	
Radiant temperature	DMA131	11	(Gld
Surface temperature	DLE124	12	(Circ
	DLE125	12	
	EST124	12	
Air temperature RH% and hPa (*)	DMA672.1	13	
ni 170 and fifa ()	ESU403.1	13	
	EXP875	14	
	DMA980	14	
	DMA975	14	
	DMA875	14	
	DMA867	14	
Wind speed&Direction (Cup and vane)	DNA121#C	16	
	DNA122#C	16	
	DNA821	16	(•
	DNA827	16	Solar
	DNA921	16	Solar
Wind speed&Direction (Ultrasonic)	DNB104	18	
(0.11400.110)	DNB106	18	
	DNB105	18 18	
	DNB107 DNB146	18	Sur
Wind an add divestion	DNB140	18	
Wind speed&direction Temperature & RH Pressure	DINBTOT	19	
Wind speed	DNA202	20	
(cup)	DNA301#C	21	
	DNA302#C	21	
	DNA304#C	21	
	DNA801	21	
	DNA802	21	
	DNA805	21	Baror
	DNA806	21	
	DNA807	21	
Wind direction (vane)	DNA212	23	
(vanc)	DNA310#C	24	S
	DNA311#C	24	
	DNA314#C	24	
	DNA810	24	P
	DNA811	24	
	DNA814	24	

Parameter	Ordor	Der
	Order numb.	Pag.
	DNA815	24
	DNA816	24
Solar radiation	DPA252	26
(Global irradiance)	DPA952	26
	DPA154	27
	DPA855	27
	DPA870	27
	DPA053	28
	DPA863	28
	DPA873	28
Calibrated Cell	DPA048.1	30
	DPA048.2	30
	DPA048.3	30
Solar radiation	DPA240	31
(Net radiation)	DPA840	31
Solar radiation	DPA266	32
(4-components) Solar radiation UV-A	DPA817	33
	DPA822	33
Solar radiation UV-B	DPA008	34
Solar radiation (PAR, Lux)		
	ESR003.1#C	34
	ESR003#C	34
Sunshine duration	DPD504	35
Direct radiation (DNI)	DPA257	36
	DPA259	36
Rain	DQA130.1#C	37
	DQA131.1#C	37
	DQA950	37
	DQA951	37
	DQA135.1#C	37
Dein processo	DQA136.1#C	37
Rain presence	DQA060	38
Barometric pressure	DQA240.1#C	39
	DQA250.1	39
Eveneration	DQA801	39 40
Evaporation	DYI010	
Soil temperature Soil moisture	DLE041 DQA340	41 41
Visibilty Present weather	DPA305	42
Present weather	DPA312 DPA311	42 42
Snow level	DPA311 DQL011	42
Show level		43

LSI - LASTEM meteorological sensors range overview

LSI LASTEM produces a wide range of meteorological sensors addressed to their own data acquisition devices as well as to third party data management systems. LSI LASTEM high-quality sensors, the synthesis of almost 40 years of experience in environmental technology instrumentation, have been carefully designed and produced to guarantee reliable and accurate measurements, easy and fast installation and very low maintenance.

Air temperature Technical features - MODELS



Air temperature sensor (Pt100 output) Pt100 Air temperature sensor for indoor use and, coupled with a radiant screen, for meteorological applications. A 4-wire, Pt100 1/3 DIN B sensing element guarantees very good accuracy over an extended temperature range. This sensor is ideal for virtually any kind of environmental application.

Order numb.	DMA033	EST033
Connector	Free wires (4-wire)	Mini-Din connector
Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) E/X-Log (all models)	M-Log (ELO009) R-Log (ELR510)
Common features		
Temperature	Principle	Pt100 1/3 DIN B (Class AA)
	Measuring range	-50÷70°C
	Accuracy	0,10°C (@0°C)
	Output	Pt100 DIN-IEC 751 table (EN 60751)
	Resolution	0,01°C (M/R/ELog)
	Response time (T90 air)	30 sec. without protective filter, 6 min. with protective filter
General information	Protection type	IP54
	Power consumption	None
	Operative temperature	-40÷80°C
Accessories Or	Cable	L = 5 m
	Input type on X/E/M/R-Log	Analog
Accessories	Order numb.	
	DYA230	Multi plate natural ventilation radiant screen
	DYA233	Multi plate natural ventilation radiant screen for DYA046 arm
	DYA231	Multi plate forced ventilation radiant screen. 12 Vdc power supply
	DYA232	Multi plate forced ventilation radiant screen. 24 Vac power supply
	DYA049	Mast-mounting device for ø 45-65 mm pipe
	DZC101.S	ISO9000 type calibration certificate
	CSIT.T.10	ACCREDIA type calibration certificate

• Radiant temperature Technical features - MODELS

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Black Globe Thermometer (Pt100 output) The standard black globe thermometer consists of a black-painted copper sphere with a diameter of 150 mm and a thickness of 0.4 mm. It contains a thermometer with its bulb at the center of the sphere. It measures the radiant temperature as described in the ISO7726 standard.

Main scope of the radiant temperature measurement in meteorological applications is the possibility of estimate the Mean Radiant Temperature (Tmrt) which is one of the most important meteorological parameters governing human energy balance and the thermal comfort of man in micrometeorological measurements

Order numb.	DMA131	
Temperature	Sensitive element	Pt100 DIN-A (Class A)
	Range	-50÷80°C
	Accuracy	0,15°C (@0°C) DIN-IEC751 EN60751
	Response time	20 min
	Operative temperature	-50+80°C
	Material	Copper
	Cable	L = 10 m
	Power consumption	None
	Standard	ISO7726
	Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) E/X-Log (all models)
Accessories	Order numb.	
	DYA060	Arm for fixing DMA131 sensor on DYA049 collar
	DYA049	Mast-mounting collar for ø 45-65 mm pipe

Surface temperature Technical features - MODELS



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Contact temperature sensor (Pt100 output) Plate-made sensor for surface temperature measurements. Its compact dimensions facilitate installation even in small spaces. It can be easily fixed using sylicon, adhesive band or thermoconductive paste.

Order numb.	DLE124 (1)	DLE125 (1)	EST124 (2)		
Connector	Free wires (4-wire) Connector for DPA870- 873 pyranometers		Mini-Din connector		
Cable	L = 2	20 m	L = 10 m (flat)		
Use	Indoor e	outdoor	Indoor		
Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) E/X-Log (all models)	DPA870 (pyranometer) DPA873 (pyranometer)	M-Log (ELO009) R-Log (ELR510)		
Common features					
Temperature	Principle	Pt100 1/3 DI	N B (Class AA)		
	Measuring range	-50÷70°C			
	Accuracy	0,15°C (@0°C	C)		
	Output	Pt100 DIN-IE	EC 751 table (EN 6075)		
	Resolution	0,01°C (M/R/	0,01°C (M/R/ELog)		
	Response time (T90)	35 sec.	35 sec.		
General information	Dimension	30 x 20 mm Thickness 2,	5 mm		
	Power consumption	None	None		
	Operative temperature	-40÷80°C			
	Input type on E/X/M/R-Log	Analog			
Accessories	Order numb.				
	DZC101.S	ISO9000 typ	e calibration certificate		
	CSIT.T.10	ACCREDIA t	ype calibration certificate		
	MM7500	Thermo conc installation o	ductive paste for sensor n surfaces		

• Air temperature and Relative humidity Technical features - MODELS





Thermohygrometer (direct output) Air temperature and RH% sensor. Pt100 output for temperature and 0-1 Vdc output for RH%. For outdoor application it should be coupled with a radiant screen. Precise and reliable, this sensor is suitable for continuous measurements also in severe environments and in presence of steep thermal and hygrometric variations.

Order numb.	DMA672.1	ESU403.1
Output	RH%: 0÷1 Vdc. °C: Pt100 D	IN-IEC 751 table (EN 60751)
Power supply	6÷18	3 Vdc
Connector	L = 3 m free wires (8 wires)	L = 3 m and n.2 Mini-Din connectors
Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515), E/X-Log (all models)	M-Log (ELO009) R-Log (ELR510)
Common features		
Temperature	Principle	Pt100 1/3 DIN B (Class AA)
	Measuring range	-50÷70°C
	Accuracy	0,1°C (@0°C)
	Output	Pt100 DIN-IEC 751 table (EN 60751)
	Resolution	0,01°C (X/M/R/ELog)
	Response time (T90)	3 min. with filter, 20 sec. without filter (0,2 m/s air speed)
Relative humidity	Principle	Thin film capacitive sensor
	Measuring range	0÷100%
	Accuracy	±1,5% RH (@5÷95%)
	Output	0÷1 Vdc
	Sensitivity	0,1%
	Response time (T90)	10 min. with filter, 30 s. without filter (0,2 m/s air speed)
General information	Cable	L = 3 m
	Protection type	IP54
	Operative temperature	-50÷+80°C
	Power consumption	2 mA
Accessories	Order numb.	
	DYA230	Multi plate natural ventilation radiant screen
	DYA233	Multi plate natural ventilation radiant screen for DYA046 arm
	DYA231	Multi plate forced ventilation radiant screen. 12 Vdc power supply
1	DPA232	Multi plate forced ventilation radiant screen. 24 Vac power supply
	DZC301.S	Temperature and RH% calibration certificate. ISO9000 type
	CSIT.T10	Temperature calibration certificate ACCREDIA type
	DZZSIT8	RH% calibration certificate ACCREDIA type
	DYA049	Mast-mounting device for ø 45-65 mm pipe



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Thermohygrometer (analog, RS485, Radio output) Instruments for accurate measurement of air temperature and relative humidity in severe outdoor environments. On models DMA980-975-875, an high efficency natural ventilation radiant screen (with special black painting on the lower surface of the plates) ensures that the sensing element is protected by sun rays for accurate air temperature readings. For even better results in low wind and high solar radiation conditions, models DMA867 are equipped with a forced ventilation screen. DMA980 model measures temperature and relative humidity and screen. DMA980 model measures temperature and relative humidity and barometric pressure. Output of the models DMA980-975 is RS485 using Modbus RTU[®] or TTY-ASCII protocols. EXP815 model is equipped with an internal radio to send measurement up

to 600 m far to data logger equipped with radio receiver.

Order numb.	EXP875 (1)	DMA980 (2)	DMA975 (2)	DMA875 (3)	DMA867 (3)
Measurements	°C/RH%	°C/RH	%/hPa	°C/R	H%
Output	Radio	RS	485	2x4÷2	0 mA
Frequency	869,450 MHz	-		-	
Radio transmission power	25 ± 3 mW	-		-	
Radio transmission distance (line-of-sight)	600 m	-	-	-	
Transmission rate	10'	-		-	
Battery life	>2 years	-		-	
Protocol	-	Modbus RTU	I®, TTY-ASCII	-	
Programmable output	-	Instant, max (1÷36		-	
Configuration	-	Hyperte	erminal	-	
RS485 protection	-	Galvanic (3 kV, U		-	
RS485 speed	-	1200÷1	15 kbps	-	
hPa measurement range	869,450 MHz	800÷1100 hPa	-	-	
hPa accuracy	25 ± 3 mW	0,5 hPa	-	-	
hPa thermal drift	600 m	0,25 hPa/10°C	-	-	
Power supply	Battery (AA 3,6 V)		10÷30	Vac/dc	
Power consumption	<10 µW stand-by 250 mW in transmission	1	W	1 W	3 W
Electric protections	NO (electrically insulated system)		Tranzorb a	nd Emifilter	
Ventilation		Natural		For	ced
	Response time (1	⁻ 90)			







Common features

Principle	Pt100 1/3 DIN B (Class AA)
Measuring range	Programmable: -30÷70°C, -50÷50°C, -50÷100°C
Accuracy	0,2°C (@ 0°C)
Resolution	0,04°C
Response time (T90)	3 min. with filter 20 s without filter (0,2 m/s air speed)
Principle	Capacitive
Measuring range	0-100%
Accuracy	±1,5% RH (@5-95%)
Response time (T90)	10 min with filter 1 min without filter (0,2 m/s air speed)
Connector	7 pin IP65 watertight connector
Protection type	IP65
Operative temperature	-40÷80°C
Order numb.	
DZC301.S	Calibration certificate
DYA049	Mast-mounting device for ø 45-65 mm pipe
DWA505	Cable L = 5 m
DWA510	Cable L = 10 m
DWA525	Cable L = 25 m
DWA526	Cable L = 50 m
DWA527	Cable L = 100 m
MG2251	7 pin free female connector
DMA672.1	Sensitive element (spare part)
EXP301	Radio signal receiver from EXP815 radio sensors Output compatible with data loggers (M/E-Log) Maximum number of receivable sensors: 200 Battery: NiCd 9 V Power supply: 12 Vdc Connection cable to data logger: DWA601
	Measuring range Accuracy Resolution Response time (T90) Principle Measuring range Accuracy Response time (T90) Connector Protection type Operative temperature Order numb. DZC301.S DYA049 DWA505 DWA525 DWA525 DWA526 DWA527 MG2251

• Wind speed&direction (wind cup and vane) Technical features - MODELS





Combined Wind speed and Direction sensors Combined wind speed and wind direction sensor. Direct signal output for wind speed (Hz) and wind direction (0÷1 Vdc). This sensor range includes, in a single apparatus, transducers for both wind speed and wind direction measurement. Its use simplifies installation requirements, other than being smaller, lighter and cheaper than the general 2-sensor kit. Model DNA122#S is equipped with a potentiometer and its wind direction output is in Ω , with very low power consumption and it can be used in applications with limited energy availability. Data output of the DNA921 model is RS485 using Modbus RTU®or TTY-ASCII protocols.

Order numb.	DNA121#C	DNA122#C	DNA821	DNA827	DNA921
Wind speed output	0÷83	3 Hz	4÷20 mA	0÷5 Vdc	RS485
Wind speed measuring range	0÷75 m/s (d	emage limit)		0÷60 m/s	
Wind Direction output	0÷1 Vdc	0÷2000 Ω	4÷20 mA	0÷5 Vdc	RS485
Protocol	-	-	-	-	Modbus RTU [®] TTY-ASCII
WS Programmable output	-	-	-	-	Instant, max., min., ave. (1÷3600 sec)
WD programmable output	-	-	-	-	Instant, Prevalent sector (1÷3600 sec)
Configuration	-	-	-	-	Hyperterminal
Protection	Tran	zorb	Tranzorb e Emifilters		ΓS
RS485 protection	-	-	-	-	Galvanic insulation (3 kV, UL1577)
RS485 speed	-	-	-	-	1200÷115 kbps
Power supply	12 \	Vdc		10÷30 Vac/dc	
Power consumption	30 mA	2 mA		0,5 W	
Wind direction principle	Hall effect system	2 kΩ potentiom.		Hall effect system	
Data logger compatibility	M-Log (EL R-Log (E X/E-Log (a	ELR515)	-	-	-
Common features					
Wind speed	Principle		N.32 step optoe	lectronic disk	
	1.000000000		0.2 m/s = 1.50/	0 /- +0/	

Wind speed	Principle	N.32 step optoelectronic disk
	Accuracy	0÷3 m/s=1,5%, >3 m/s= 1%
	Threshold	0,26 m/s
	Delay distance	4,8 m (@ 10 m/s) According to VDI3786 and ASTM 5096-96
	Resolution	0,07 m/s







Wind direction	Principle	See table above
	Measuring range	0÷360° (0÷355° DNA122#C)
	Accuracy	1%
	Threshold	0,15 m/s
	Resolution	0,3°
	Delay distance	1,2 m (@ 10 m/s) According to VDI3786 and ASTM 5366-96
	Damping coeff.	0,21 (@ 10 m/s) According to VDI3786 and ASTM 5096-96
General information	Operative damage limit	75 m/s
	Connector	7 pin IP65 watertight connector
	Housing	Anodized aluminum
	Cup	PA6 plastic and fiberglass
	Vane	Aluminum
	Mounting	Mast ø 48 ÷ 50 mm
	Electric protections	Tranzorb and Emifilters
	Operative temperature	>-30°C (without ice)
	Mounting	Mast ø 48÷50 mm
Accessories	Order numb.	
	DZC405	Calibration certificate Includes in DNA121#C and DNA122#C
	DWA505	Cable L = 5 m
	DWA510	Cable L = 10 m
	DWA525	Cable L = 25 m
	DWA526	Cable L = 50 m
	DWA527	Cable L = 100 m
	MG2251	7 pin free female connector
	DNA124	Spare part: rotor
	DNA127	Spare part: vane
	MM2011	Spare part: bearings for Wind direction (QT.2 required)
	MM2020	Spare part: bearing for Wind speed (QT.2 required)

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• Wind speed and direction (ultra-sonic) Technical features - MODELS





Ultrasonic anemometer

2-axis ultrasonic anemometer 2-axis ultrasonic anemometer without moving-parts. It is ideal for general meteorological applications requiring very low-maintenance or measurements with fast response even in low-range wind speed conditions. Model DNB104-106-146 (RS232 output) can be connected to COM2 of LSI LASTEM data logger using Modbus protocol.

Order numb.	DNB104 (1)	DNB106 (1)	DNB105 (1)	DNB107 (1)	DNB146 (2)
Output	RS232, RS485, RS422, SDI-12	RS232, RS485, RS422, SDI-12	2x4-20 mA	2x4-20 mA	RS232, RS485, RS422, SDI-12
Туре	Sonic 2-Axis (U-V)	Sonic 2-Axis (U-V)	Sonic 2-Axis (U-V)	Sonic 2-Axis (U-V)	Sonic 3-Axis
Heater	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO
Protocol	NMEA, Modbus-RTU, SD-12	NMEA, Modbus-RTU, SD-12	-	-	NMEA, Modbus-RTU, SD-12
Power consumption	26 mA @ 12 Vdc	6 W	26 mA @ 12 Vdc	6 W	26 mA @ 12 Vdc
Common features					
Wind speed	Measuring range		0÷60 m/s		
	Accuracy		0÷35 m/s: ±2% >35 m/s: ±3%	or ± 0.2 m/s	
	Threshold		0,01 m/s		
	Resolution		0,01 m/s		
Wind direction	Measuring range		0÷360°		
	Accuracy		±2°		
			0,01÷1,00 m/s (default: 0,02 m/s)		
			1°		
Compass	Principle M		Magnetic		
	Measuring range		0÷360°		
	Resolution		0,1°		
	Accuracy		±1°		
General information	Power supply		10÷30 Vdc		
	Protection		IP66		
	Connector		IP65 watertight connector male connector M23, n.19 wires		
	Housing		Luran, AISI316		
	Mounting		Mast ø 40 mm		
	Operative temper	rature	-40÷+60°C		
Accessories	Order numb.				
	DWA810		Cable L = 10 m for DNB105-107 anemometer		
	DWA811		Cable L = 10 m for DNB104-106 anemometer		
	DWA825		Cable L = 25 m for DNB105-107 anemometer		
	DWA826		Cable L = 50 m for DNB105-107 anemometer		
	MG2272		Watertight connector for making DNB10X cable Adapter for DNB sensors to pole Ø 50 mm		
	DNB191		Adapter for DNE	sensors to pole	0 50 mm



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All-in one weather sensor This Sensor integrates a unique folded-path sonic anemometer with a multi-element temperature sensor, fast-response capacitive relative humidity sensor, state-of-the-art barometric pressure sensor and an internal flux-gate compass for automatic alignment of wind direction to magnetic north for quick deployment (true/magnetic North offset is adjustable by the user through software command). The result is a professional grade All-In-One Weather Sensor designed for reliability, longevity, and ease of installation. DNB101 can be connected to any LSI LASTEM data logger on serial port COM2 using its Modbus output protocol.

	Order numb.	DNB101	
	Wind speed	Туре	Ultrasonic
		Range	0÷60 m/s
		Accuracy	$\pm 0,3$ m/s or $\pm 2\%$ (0 $\div 35$ m/s), $\pm 3\%$ (>35 m/s)
		Threshold	0,01 m/s
		Resolution	0,01 m/s
	Wind direction	Туре	Ultrasonic
		Range	0÷360°
		Accuracy	$\pm 2^{\circ}$ @ wind speed > 1 m/s
		WS threshold for WD calculation	0,01÷1,00 m/s (default: 0,02 m/s)
		Resolution	0,1°
	Temperature	Туре	Pt100
		Range	-40÷60 °C
		Accuracy	$\pm 0.15^{\circ}C$, $\pm 0.1\%$ of the measure
		Resolution	0,1°C
	RH%	Туре	Capacitive
		Range	0÷100%
		Accuracy	@T=15÷35°C: ±1,5% @T=-40÷60°C: ±1,5%+1,5% reading
		Resolution	0,1%
	Pressure	Range	600÷1100 hPa
		Accuracy	±0.5 hPa @ 20°C
		Resolution	0,1 hPa
	General information	Power supply	10÷30 VDC
		Output	RS232, RS485, SD-12
		Protocols	NMEA, Modbus-RTU, SD-12
		Power consumption	26 mA @12 Vdc, 6W with heater
		Compass	Resolution: 0,1°, Accuracy: ±1°
		Mounting	Mast ø 40 mm
		Environmental limit	-50÷70 °C
		Data logger compatibility	RS232 port on: M-Log (all models) X/E-Log (all models)
	Accessories	Order numb.	
		DWA811	Cable L = 10 m for DNB101
		MG2272	Watertight connector for making DNB101 cable
		DNB191	Adapter for DNB sensors to pole Ø 50 mm

• Wind speed (wind cup) Technical features - MODELS





Compact anemometer

With compact size and high mechanical strength, these sensors are particularly suited for use in strong wind applications, where long term reliability without maintenance is required, as in wind farms and wind turbine surveys. These sensors are compatible with any LSI LASTEM data loggers, but they can be also easily integrated with third party systems, thanks to a high quality relay-reed-generated linear pulse output.

	Order numb.	DNA202		
	Wind speed	Principle	Relay Reed	
		Measuring range	0÷75 m/s (damage limit)	
		Accuracy	2,5% (calibration tested to 63 m/s)	
		Threshold	0,5 m/s	
	General information	Output	2,65 Hz x m/s	
		Connector	4 pin IP65 watertight connector	
		Housing	Anodized aluminum	
		Operative temperature	-35÷70°C (without ice)	
		Mounting	Mast ø 48 ÷ 50 mm	
		Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) E/X-Log (all models)	
	Accessories	Order numb.		
		MN1071	Cable (per m)	
	• <u>t</u> •	DYA046	Coupling bar for WS+WD sensors on ø 45 ÷65 mm pole	
		DNA207	Spare part: rotor	
		MM2001	Spare part: Bearings	
			DYA046	

following | Wind speed (wind cup)



Standard anemometer (direct output) Wind speed sensor with direct signal output (Hz/m/s). These anemometers are ideal for when requirements calls for low thresholds and good accuracy even at very low wind speed. The wind speed element is a tachometer with 32 steps ensuring very high resolution. DNA302#C is equipped with heater. DNA304#C, with its extreme-low power consumption, can be used in applications with very low energy availability. in applications with very low energy availability.

Order numb.	DNA301#C	DNA302#C	DNA304#C		
Measuring range (damage limit)		0÷75 m/s			
Output	0-883 Hz				
Power supply	5÷12 Vdc	5÷12 Vdc (heater 24 Vac)	5÷12 Vdc		
Heater	-	YES (-20°C)	-		
Power consumption	Max. 20 mA	20 W	2 mA		
Calibration certificate	Included				
Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008), R-Log (ELR515), E/X-Log (all models)				
Data logger compatibility					



Standard anemometer (analog output)

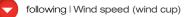
Wind speed sensor with analog signal output. All models are based on microprocessor technology: Every sensor has, on the basis of its particular geometry, different response on each point of his measuring range; the microprocessor adjusts the signal linearity at any wind speed value, obtaining a precise and stable output. DNA802 and DNA806 are equipped with heaters.

Order numb.	DNA801	DNA802	DNA805	DNA806	DNA807
Output	4÷20) mA	0÷20) mA	0÷5 Vdc
Measuring range			0÷50 m/s		
Power supply	10÷30 Vac/dc	24 Vac/dc	10÷30 Vac/dc	24 Vac/dc	10÷30 Vac/dc
Heater	-	YES (-20°C)	-	YES (-20°C)	-
Heater operative temperature	-	>-20°C	-	>-20°C	-
Power consumption	0,5 W	20 W	0,5 W	20 W	0,5 W
Microprocessor			PIC 18F2620		

Common features

Oommon reatures		
Wind speed	Principle	N.32 step optoelectronic disk, requency proportional to wind speed
	Threshold	0,3 m/s
	Accuracy	0÷3 m/s=1,5%, >3 m/s= 1%
	Resolution	0,06 m/s
	Delay distance	4,8 m (at 10 m/s) According to VDI3786 and ASTM 5096-96
General information	Operative damage limit	75 m/s
	Connector	7 pin IP65 watertight connector
	Housing	Anodized aluminum
	Operative temperature	-35÷ +70°C (without ice)
	Mounting	Mast ø 48 ÷ 50 mm

continued (





Accessories	Order numb.	
ep Ir	DYA046	Coupling bar for WS+WD sensors on ø 45 ÷65 mm pole
	DZC405	Calibration certificate Included in DNA301-302-304#C
	DNA110	Cable for DNA30x#C L = 10 m
	DNA125	Cable for DNA30x#C L = 25 m
	DNA126	Cable for DNA30x#C L = 50 m
	DWA510	Cable for DNA80x L = 10 m
	DWA525	Cable for DNA80x L = 25 m
	DWA526	Cable for DNA80x L = 50 m
	DWA527	Cable for DNA80x L = 100 m
	MM2251	Free connector without cable
	DNA204	Spare part: rotor
	MM2015	Spare part: bearing
		DYA046

• Wind direction (wind vane) Technical features - MODELS





Compact wind vane

With compact size and high mechanical strength, this sensors are particularly suiited for use in strong wind applications, where long term reliability without maintenance is required, as in wind farms and wind turbine surveys. Ideal also for portable and light AWS and for wind-alarm applications where wind speed and direction are both important issues. On this regard, LSI LASTEM data loggers can detect specific alarm conditions and open digital outputs when wind speed is over a programmable value and wind direction is coming from a defined angle.

	Order numb.	DNA212	
	Wind speed	Principle	Hall effect sensor
		Measuring range	0÷360°
		Threshold	0,25 m/s
		Accuracy	5°
	General information	Output	0÷1 V
		Connector	4 pin IP65 watertight connector
		Housing	Anodized aluminum
		Power supply	10÷14 Vdc
		Power consumption	10 mA
		Mounting	Mast ø 48 ÷ 50 mm
		Operative temperature	-35÷70°C (without ice)
		Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008), R-Log (ELR515), E/X-Log (all models)
	Accessories	Order numb.	
		MN1071	Cable each meter
	· [*]_	DYA046	Coupling bar For WS+WD sensors on \emptyset 45 ÷ 65 mm pole
		DNA218	Spare part: vane
		MM2001	Spare part: bearing
			DYA046

following | Wind direction (wind vane)



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Standard wind vane (direct output) Wind direction sensor with direct signal output. These wind vanes are ideal when requirements calls for low thresholds and good accuracy even at very low wind speed. DNA310-311#C uses a Hall-effect encoding system. DNA314#C is equipped with a potentiometer to reduce power consumption in very low energy applications. DNA311#C is also equipped with heaters to avoid ice formation on its body in your cold environments. avoid ice formation on its body in very cold environments.

Order numb.	DNA310#C	DNA311#C	DNA314#C		
Principle	Hall effect sensor		Potentiometer, resistance proportional to wind direction		
Output	0÷1 V		0-2000 Ω		
Power supply	12 Vdc	24 Vdc/ac (heater) 12 Vdc (direction)	-		
Heater	-	YES	-		
Heater operative temperature	-	>-20°C	-		
Power consumption	10 mA	20 W	Max 2 mA		
Calibration certificate	Included				
Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008), R-Log (ELR515), X/E-Log (all models)				



Standard wind vane (analog output) Wind direction sensor with analog signal output. All models use a Hall-effect encoding system. DNA811-815 are equipped with heaters to avoid ice formation on its body in very cold environments.

Order numb.	DNA810	DNA811	DNA814	DNA815	DNA816
Principle			Hall effect sensor		
Output	4÷20) mA	0÷20) mA	0÷5 Vdc
Power supply	10÷30 Vac/dc	24 Vac/dc	10÷30 Vac/dc	24 Vac/dc	10÷30 Vac/dc
Heater	-	YES	-	YES	-
Heater operative temperature		>-20°C		>-20°C	
Power consumption	0,5 W	20 W	0,5 W	20 W	0,5 W

Common features

Wind direction	Measuring range	0÷360°
	Accuracy	3°
	Threshold	0,15 m/s
	Delay distance	1,2 m (at 10 m/s) According to VDI3786 and ASTM 5366-96
	Damping coeff.	0,21 (at 10 m/s). According to VDI3786 and ASTM 5096-96
General information	Connector	7 pin IP65 watertight connector
	Housing	Anodized aluminum
	Operative temperature	-35÷70°C (without ice)
	Mounting	Mast ø 48 ÷ 50 mm

continued -



Accessories	Order numb.	
· · · · ·	DYA046	Coupling bar for WS+WD sensors on ø 45 ÷65 mm pole
	DZC404	Calibration certificate Included in DNA310-311-314#C
	DNA110	Cable for DNA31x#C L = 10 m
	DNA125	Cable for DNA31x#C L = 25 m
	DNA126	Cable for DNA31x#C L = 50 m
	MG2252	7 pin free male connector for DNA31x#C
	DWA505	Cable for DNA81x $L = 5 m$
	DWA510	Cable for DNA81x L = 10 m
	DWA525	Cable for DNA81x L = 25 m
	DWA526	Cable for DNA81x L = 50 m
	DWA527	Cable for DNA81x L = 100 m
	MG2251	7 pin free female connector for DNA81x sensors
	DNA217	Spare part: rotor
	MM2025	Spare part: bearings
		DYA046

• Solar radiation (global irradiance) Technical features - MODELS





Secondary standard pyranometers

Radiometer for solar irradiance measurement, according to ISO 9060 and WMO No. 8 (Part I, Chapter 7) standards. These sensors are classified as ISO 9060 Secondary Standard. With a total daily uncertainty of only 2%, fast response time, these sensors are ideal for users requiring high-end accuracy and reliability.

	Order numb.	DPA252 (1)	DPA952 (2)
	Output	μV	RS485-Modbus 4÷20 mA
	Power supply	-	7÷35 Vdc
	Sensitivity	7÷25 μV/(W/m²)	NA
	Measuring range	See Irradiance range	0÷1500 W/ m²
	Cable	L = 10 m included	See Accessories
	Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008), R-Log	(ELR515), X/E-Log (all models)
	Common features		
	Secondary	ISO 9060 classification	Secondary Standard
	Standard pyranometer	Achievable uncertainty 95% confidential level (daily totals).According to WMO manual, not considering calibration errors, for well maintened instruments on clear sky days, at mid-latitude sites	±2%
		Spectral range	285÷3000 nm
		Temperature response (50 K range)	<± 1% (-10÷40 °C) when compensated: <± 0,4% (-30÷50°C)
		Irradiance range	0÷4000 W/m²
		Response time 95%	3 s
		Directional (azimuth+cosine) error W/m^2 (@1000 W/m^2) 0< θ <80 °	<± 10 W/m ²
		Zero offset a (response to 200 W/m ² net thermal radiation)	< 5 W/m ² (unventilated)
		Zero offset b: Thermal change W/m ² (5 °C/h)	< ± 2 W/m ²
		Non linearity % (1000 W/m²)	<± 0.2 %
		Stability (% change/year)	<± 0.5 %
		Standard built-in temperature sensor	Yes
		Standard built-in heater	Yes (12 Vdc, 1,5 W)
		Data provided with each sensor	 Calibration certificate Temperature dependence data Directional response data
		Recommended recalibration	Every 2 years
		Mounting (pole ø 45÷65 mm)	Using DYA034 or DYA035 arms + DYA049
		Housing	Anodized aluminum

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following | Solar radiation (global irradiance)



First class pyranometers Radiometer for solar irradiance measurement, according to ISO 9060 and WMO No. 8 (Part I, Chapter 7) standards. These sensors are classified as ISO 9060 First Class. With a total daily uncertainty of 5%, flat spectral response (305-2800 nm) and optimal temperature stability, this sensor represents the optimal compromise between costs and quality of irradiance measurement.

Order numb.	DPA154	DPA855	DPA870		
Output	μV/W/m²	4÷20 mA	RS485		
Protocol			Modbus RTU [®] TTY-ASCII		
Programmable output			max., min., ave. (1÷3600 s)		
RS485 protection			Galvanic insulation (3 kV, UL1577)		
RS485 speed			1200÷115 kbps		
Electric Protection		Tranzort	o e Emifilters		
Power supply	None	10÷3	0 Vac/dc		
Measuring range	See Irradiance range	0÷15	500 W/m ²		
Power consumption	None	(0,5 W		
Other measures			Air temp. (included) Surface temp. (DLE125 sensor)		
Cable	Included L = 10 m (DWA410)		included ccessories		
Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) X/E-Log (all models)				
Common features					
Pyranometer	Principle	Thermopile			
	ISO 9060 Classification	First class			
	Spectral range	305÷2800 nm			
	Sensitivity	30÷45 μV/W	30÷45 µV/W/m²		
	Achievable uncertainty 95% level. (daily totals)	confidential ±5%	fidential ±5%		
	Irradiance Range	0÷2000 W/m	0÷2000 W/m ²		
	Response time (T95%)	23 s			
	Zero offset: Thermal change °C/h)	$e W/m^2$ (5 <± 4 W/m ²			
	Directional (azimuth+cosine) W/m ² (@ 1000 W/m ²) $0 < \theta$				
	Non linearity % (@ 1000 W/	(m ²) <± 1 %			
	Stability (% change/year)	<± 1,5 %			
	Temperature response (50 K range)	<± 4 % (-10÷40 °C)			
	Operative temperature	-50÷+80°C			
General information	Housing	Anodized alu	Iminum		
	Recalibration	Every 2 year	S		
	Mounting (pole ø 45÷65 mn				

following | Solar radiation (global irradiance)





Second Class Pyranometers Radiometer for solar irradiance measurement, according to Second class as ISO 9060 and WMO No. 8 standards. This sensor is a good compromise basic meteorological, agrometeorological and solar energy applications.

Order numb.	DPA053 (1)	DPA863 (2)	DPA873 (2)		
Output	μV/W/m²	4÷20 mA	RS485		
Protocol	-	-	Modbus RTU®, TTY-ASCII		
Programmable data output	-	-	max.min.ave. (1÷3600 sec)		
RS485 protection	-	-	Galvanic insulation (3 kV, UL1577)		
RS485 speed	-	-	1200÷115 kbps		
Protection	-	Tranzorb	and Emifilters		
Power supply	-	10÷3	30 Vac/dc		
Power consumption	-	(),5 W		
Mesurement range	See "Irradiance range"	0÷15	500 W/m ²		
Sensitivity	10÷15 µV/W/m²		NA		
Response time (T90%)	16 s		18 s		
Cable	L = 5 m	Not included	(see Accessories)		
Installation (on ø 50 mm pole)	DYA032 arm + DYA049 collar (horizontal) DYA048 plate + DYA035 arm + DYA049 collar (tilting)		(horizontal) or arms + DYA049 collar		
Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) E/X-Log (all models)	-	-		
Common features					
Pyranometer	Principle	Thermopile	Thermopile		
	ISO 9060 Classification	Second cla	SS		
	Spectral range	305÷2800 r	ım		
	Irradiance range	0÷2000 W/r	m²		
	Achievable uncertainty 95% cc (daily totals)	onfidential level 10%			
	Temperature response (50°K	range) <7% (-10÷4	40 °C) (0,14%/°C)		
	Operative temperature	-40÷80°C	-40÷80°C		
General information	Housing	Anodized a	luminum		
	Recalibration		rs		

• Accessories for Solar Radiadion - MODELS



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Accessories

Accessories	Order numb.	
-1	DYA032	Horizontal arm for fixing DPA053-053.1 to DYA049 collar
	DYA034	Horizontal arm for fixing DPA252-952-154-855-870- 863-873 pyranometers to DYA049 collar
	DYA035	Tilting arm for fixing DPA252-952-154-855-870-863- 873 pyranometers to DYA049 collar
	DYA049	Collar for fixing DYA032-034-035 to ø 45-65 mm pipe
	DPA250	Ventilation unit for DPA252 Power supply: 12 Vdc Operative temperature: -40÷70°C
	DWA205	Cable for DPA252-952. L = 5 m
	DWA210	Cable for DPA252-952. L = 10 m
	DWA225	Cable for DPA252-952. L = 25 m
	DWA410	Cable for DPA154-855-870-863-873-053.1 L = 10 m
	DWA425	Cable for DPA154-855-870-863-873-053.1 L = 25 m
	DWA426	Cable for DPA154-855-870-863-873 L = 50 m
	DWA427	Cable for DPA154-855-870-863-873 L = 100 m
	DYA048	Plate for levelling DPA053-053.1 on DYA034 or DYA035 arm
	DYA120	Radiant shield for DPA053-053.1
	DEA420	Signal amplifier for Pyranometers. Output: 4÷20 mA Programmable pyranometer sensitivity (µV/Wm2) Power supply 10÷30 Vac/dc For more technical information, see MW9008 catalogue
estate.	DEA485	Same features as DEA420 but: Output: Modbus-RTU
	DEA852	Signal amplifier for Pyranometers. Output: 0/4÷20 mA, 0/1÷5 V Power consumption: output + 10 mA Power supply 10÷30 Vac/dc Requires DWA5xx cable. Pyranometer sensitivity not programmable (factory made before delivery)
	DEA854	Same features as DEA852. Connection: free wires terminal
	DPA245	Shadow band for diffuse radiation

following | Solar radiation (global irradiance)





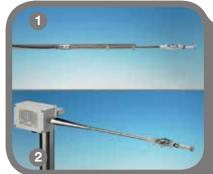
Calibrated Cell

DPA048 is a high-performance calibrated cell. What really sets itvapart from the rest of the market is the fact that this sensor is available in different cell technologies (Monocristalline, policristalline, amorphous) – the user can select the technology that fits his own application. Furthermore, the calibration of every sensor is achieved by a reference element (quality grade A, constructed in an identical fashion) from an accredited test laborator in W/m². A calibrating printout similar to EN DIN 17025 documents the product specific parameters.

	Order numb.	DPA048.1	DPA048.2	DPA048.3		
	Technology	Monocristalline	Polycristalline	Amorphus		
	Accuracy	4%	5%	5%		
	Output		~100 mV /1000 W/m² @25°C			
	Temperature sensor	Pt 1000, laminated or bonded centra		y under the cell		
	Common features					
	General information	Cable	Shielded L = 3m			
		Housing	Aluminum			
		Mounting	Bolts M 5 backside			
		Operative temperature	-25°÷80° C			
		Mounting	On surfaces			
		Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) E/X-Log (all models)			

Solar radiation (Net radiation: incoming) and outgoing short-wave) Technical features - MODELS





Net radiometer

Net radiometers are sensors for measuring net radiation, i.e. the balance between the incoming sun and sky radiation and the ground-reflected short-wave and ground-emitted long-wave radiation. The primary sensitive element is a high sensitivity thermopile.

Order numb.	DPA240 (1)	DPA840 (2)	
Output	μV/W/m²	0/4÷20 mA	
Power supply	-	10÷30 Vac/dc	
Range	-1500÷1500 W/m²	-150÷1500 W/m ²	
Cable	L = 10 m	7 pin IP65 watertight connector	
Installation (on ø 50 mm pole)	DYA031 bar + DYA049 collar	Collar DYA049	
Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) E/X-Log (all models)		
Common features			
Pyranometer	Principle	Thermopile	
	Spectral range	0,3÷60 μm	
	Uncertainty	5% daily	
General information	Housing	Plated brass and Aluminum	
	Operative Temperature	-40÷80 °C	
	Recalibration	Every 2 years	
Accessories	Order numb.		
	DYA049	Mast-mounting device for ø 45-65 mm pipe	
	DYA031	Arm for fixing For DPA240 only (required DYA051)	
	DWA505	Cable L = 5 m for DPA840	
	DWA510	Cable L = 10 m for DPA840	
	DWA525	Cable L = 25 m for DPA840	
	DWA526	Cable L = 50 m for DPA840	
	DWA527	Cable L = 100 m for DPA840	
	MG2251	7 pin free female connector	
	DPA291	Spare part: domes for net radiometer (n.5 couples)	
	DPA293	Spare part: salt cartridge	
	DPA24		

MW9000-ENG

Solar radiation (4-components net radiation: short and long wave) Technical features - MODELS





4-component net radiometer DPA266 is a 4-component net-radiation sensor used for scientific-grade energy balance studies. The instrument has separate measurements of solar (Short Wave or SW) and Far Infra-Red (Long Wave or LW) radiation.

	Order numb.	DPA266		
	4 components	Output	4 x μV/W/m²	
	Net radiometer	Principle	Thermopile	
		Measurements	Incoming&outgoing short wave (pyranometer) Incoming&outgoing long wave (pyrgeometer)	
		Range	0 ÷2000 W/m²	
	Pyranometer	Туре	Second class WMO (ISO9060)	
		Spectral range	285÷3000 nm	
	Pyrgeometer general	Spectral range	4500÷50.000 nm	
		Temperature sensor	Pt100	
		Heating	1,6 Watt; 12 Vdc	
		Cable	L = 5 m	
		Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) X/E-Log (all models)	

Solar radiation (UV-A and UV-B) Technical features - MODELS





UV-A and UV-B radiometers

Radiometer with broad spectral response for measuring of atmospheric irradiance in the UV-A and UV-B spectrum. The sensing element is a photodiode with optical filter with interferential deposition in order to improve spectral transmission. A High-quality dome and diffuser improves cosine response for radiations coming from lower angles.

	Order numb.	DPA817	DPA822	
	Measurement	UV-A	UV-B	
	Principle	Photo	odiode	
	Spectral range	315÷400 nm	280÷315 nm	
	Accuracy	12% daily	15% daily	
	Measuring range	0÷70 W/m²	0÷5 W/m ²	
	General information	Output	4÷20 mA	
		Power supply	10÷30 Vac/dc	
		Power consumption	0,7 W	
		Recalibration	Every 2 years	
		Housing	Anodized aluminum	
		Cable	Not included See accessories	
		Installation (on ø 45÷65 mm pole)	DYA034 arm + DYA049 collar	
		Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) E/X-Log (all models)	
	Accessories	Order numb.		
		DYA049	Mast-mounting device for ø 45-65 mm pipe	
		DYA034	Arm for fixing DPA817 to DYA049 collar	
		DWA410	Cable L = 10 m	
		DWA425	Cable L = 25 m	
		DWA426	Cable L = 50 m	
		DWA427	Cable L = 100 m	

Luxmeter and PAR radiation sensor Technical features - MODELS





Luxmeter and PAR radiation sensor Luxmeter probes to measure illuminance in long term outdoor applications according to the response of the human eye (Vlamba CIE curve). The sensing element is a photodiode with optical filter with interferential deposition in order to improve spectral transmission. DPA808 radiometer with broad spectral response measures the atmospheric irradiance in the PAR (Photosynthetic active radiation) spectral range. It has an optical-quality glass dome optimizing the cosine response. To convert the signal output to 4÷20 mA or Modbus, it is possible to use DEA420 or DEA485 converters.

Order numb.	DPA008 (1)	ESR003.1#C (2)	ESR003#C (2)	
Measurement	PAR	L	x	
Principle		n Flux Density		
Spectral range	Photosynthetically Photon Flux Density 40÷700nm			
Accuracy	7,7% spectral error	±3	\$%	
Measuring range	0÷3000 µmol∙s-1∙m-2	0÷100 KLux	0÷150 KLux	
Response time	<1ms	0,1	sec	
Linearity	<0,2%	< *	1%	
Recalibration		Every 2 years		
Output	0÷10 mV	0÷30	0 mV	
Power supply	-	7÷15	5 Vdc	
Consumption	-	5 r	mA	
Connector	Free wires (4-wire)	Mini-Din o	connector	
Housing		Anodized aluminum		
Protection		IP65		
Cable	L = 5 m	L = 1	10 m	
Installation (on ø 45÷65 mm pole)		DYA032+DYA049		
Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) X/E-Log (all models)		ELO009) ELR510)	
Calibration certificate	Na	DZC201.8	S included	
Accessories	Order numb.			
	DYA032	Horizontal arm for fixing PAI Lux sensors to DYA049 coll		
	DYA049	Mast-mounting collar for ø	15÷65 mm pipe	
	DEA420	Signal amplifier for Pyranometers Output: 4÷20 mA Programmable pyranometer sensitivity (µV/Wm²) Power supply 10÷30 Vac/dc For more technical information, see MW9008 catalogue		
edenter"	DEA485 Same features as DEA420 but: Output: Modbus-RTU			



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Sunshine duration meter

The sensor measures sunshine duration and direct radiation from the sun. Measurement is made in the visible range and near infrared, to second class WMO pyranometer specifications. Once set up for the latitude and location, the sensor does not require seasonal positioning unless greater precision is needed, accomplished by two annual adjustments. For each rotation, the instrument determines the two radiation levels of the beam, with and without the direct action of the sun disc, and calculates the difference, which gives a good approximation to the direct radiation level. The instrument also supplies the sunshine duration, defined by World Meteorological Organization (WMO, 1981) as the time during which the direct solar radiation exceeds the level of 120 W/m², and is normally measured in hours. The sensor has two actionable heaters: a continuous anti-condensation heater and a thermostatic one for defrosting. In conditions of darkness, the band is stopped and the sunshine status is set to "no".

	Order numb.	DPD504	
	Direct radiation	Output	Direct radiation/Sunshine status
		Principle	Non-tracking sensor
		Sensitive element	Photodiode
		Spectral range	300÷1100 nm
		Accuracy	15% (daily totals)
		Measuring range	0÷1500 W/m ²
		Output	60÷300 mV
	Sunshine duration	Threshold	120 W/m ² of direct radiation
		Output	On/off TTL 0÷5 V
		Accuracy	<0.1h (in clear sky)
		Power supply	10÷14 Vdc
	General information	Power consumption	Sensor: 0,7 W Anti-condensation heater :1 W Defrosting heater: 20 W
		Mast-mounting	For ø 50 mm pipe
		Recalibration	Every 2 years
		Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) E/X-Log (all models)
	Accessories	Order numb.	
		DYA041	Lateral arm for DPD504 mounting
		DYA049	Collar for DYA041 mounting on pole ø 45÷65 mm
		DWA510	Cable L = 10 m
		DWA525	Cable L = 25 m
		DWA526	Cable L = 50 m
		DWA527	Cable L = 100 m





Pyrheliometer

Research grade normal incidence direct solar irradiance sensor (DNI), also known as pyrheliometer for short wave direct solar radiation. It complies with 'First Class' classification, from ISO 9060 and WMO standards. A unique product feature is the heated window, eliminating the formation of dew on the sensor window, making early morning measurements more accurate. DPA259 is the first pyrheliometer to include a fast detector, making it ideal for high grade research or CPV applications.

Order numb.	DPA257		DPA259	
Response time (95%)	18	3 s	1 s	
Common features				
Direct radiation	ISO classification		ISO 9060 First Class	
	Spectral range		200 ÷ 4000 nm	
	Irradiance range		0 ÷ 2000 W/m²	
	Sensitivity		7 ÷ 15 μV/(Wm ⁻²)	
	Full opening view ang	gle	5°	
	Non stability (drift)		< 1% per year	
	Temperature depend	lence	< ±1% (over 50 K range)	
General information	Cable length		5 m	
	Calibration traceabilit	ty	WRR (World Radiometric Reference)	
	Temperature range		-40 ÷ +80°C	
	Window heating		0,5 W (12Vdc)	
Accessories	Order numb.			
	DPA271	Single arm, only one RS-232 cable, 10 m Motor: stepping mot Pointing accuracy: < Angle resolution: 0,0 Rotation angles: -15 azimuth-angle GPS accuracy: 15 m LED indicators: Pow Communication for s Environmental prote Temperature range: -	or 0,01° (solar elevation 0 to 87°) 09° ° to +95° elevation-angle, 0° to 180° er and GPS status setup: RS232 ction: IP65 -40÷50°C 240 Vac (50/60 Hz), 20 W consumption, , 10W consumption	
$\dot{\lambda}$	DPA271.1	DPA271, but double receiver, 3 m RS-232	egrated GPS system. Same features as arms, one Pyrheliometer mount, GPS 2 cable, 10 m power cable. It can receive sories for additional diffuse and global ents.	
11	DPA271.3 It must be combined by the number of pyr- Mounting plate asser global radiation). For		bly for one pyranometer (diffuse radiation). I with DPA271.3 or DPA271.4 depending ranometers used.	
			mbly for one pyranometer (diffuse or r diffuse radiation measurement it must PA271.2 shading assembly.	
	DPA271.4		e assembly for two pyranometers. tion measurement it must be combined ing assembly.	



Rain gauge

Rain gauge is the instrument for the measuring of rain quantity. The device is composed of a collector cone and a double-chamber tipping bucket connected to a magnet that operates one reed switch, which generates impulses that can be counted by external meters: each impulse is equal to 0.2 mm of rainfall. Models are equipped with a siphone placed on the cone's nozzle; it has function during heavy rain, to regulate the flow into the bascule permitting all the water to fall inside. Models are equipped with a siphon placed on the cone's nozzle; it has function during heavy rain, to regulate the flow into the bascule permitting all the water to fall inside. Models are equipped with a siphon placed on the cone's nozzle; it has function during heavy rain, to regulate the flow into the bascule permitting all the water to fall inside. The external body is made of anodized aluminum. For sites with sub-zero temperatures, the thermostatic heated models (DQA131.1-951-136.1), ensure the complete melting of snow, even at extreme temperatures, and avoid ice formation on its body. Data output of the models DQA950-951 is RS485 using Modbus RTU[®] and TTY-ASCII protocols.

Order numb.	DQA130.1#C (1)	DQA131.1#C (1)	DQA950 (1)	DQA951 (1)	DQA135.1#C (2)	DQA136.1#C (2)	
Diameter		200 mm			357 mm		
Collector surface		324 cm ²			1000 cm ²		
Heater	NO	YES	NO	YES	NO	YES	
Heater power supply	-	24 Vac	9÷30 Vac/dc	24 Vac	-	24 Vac	
Heater power consumption	-	60 W	0,5 W	60 W	-	60 W	
Operative temperature	>0°C	>-20°C	>0°C	>-20°C	>0°C	>-20°C	
Weight	2,8 kg	-	-	-	-	-	
Output		Pulses. Max load 20 mA/24V non inductive		RS485		Pulses. Max load 20 mA/24V non inductive	
Protocols	-	-	Modbus RTU	J®, TTY-ASCII	-	-	
Programmable data output	-	-		ate/time, 3600 s)	-	-	
RS485 protection	-	-		insulation JL1577)	-	-	
RS485 speed	-	-	1200÷1	15 kbps	-	-	
Data logger compatibility		M-Log (ELO007-008), R-Log (ELR515), E-Log (all models)		-	M-Log (ELO00 (ELR515), E-L		
Common features							
Rain gauge	Principle		Tipping bucket with syphone)		

auge	Principle	Tipping bucket with syphone		
	Design	WMO accordance		
	Resolution	0,2 mm (opt. 0,1 mm)		
	Accuracy	Rain intensity 0÷1 mm/min: ± 0,2 mm Rain intensity 1÷4 mm/min: 1%		
	Operative temperature	<70°C		
	Housing	Aluminum		
	Calibration certificate	Included		
	Data logger compatibility	M-Log (ELO007-008) R-Log (ELR515) E/X-Log (all models)		





Accessories	Order numb.	
	DYA039	Base plate for ground installation
	DYA040	Mast-mounting device for ø 50 mm pipe
	DYA058	Lateral support. Requires DYA040
	DWA510	Cable L = 10 m
	DWA525	Cable L = 25 m
	DWA526	Cable L = 50 m
	DWA527	Cable L = 100 m
	MG2251	7 pin free female connector
	DEA280	Integrator for DQA130#C/131#C Range: 0-20 mm. Output: 4-20 mA Power supply: 24 Vac
	DEA285	Integrator for DQA130#C/131#C Range: 0-20 mm. Output: 4-20 mA Power supply: 12 Vdc
	DEA282	Integrator for DQA130#C/131#C Range: 0-20 mm. Output: 0-5 Vdc Power supply: 24 Vac





Rain presence sensor

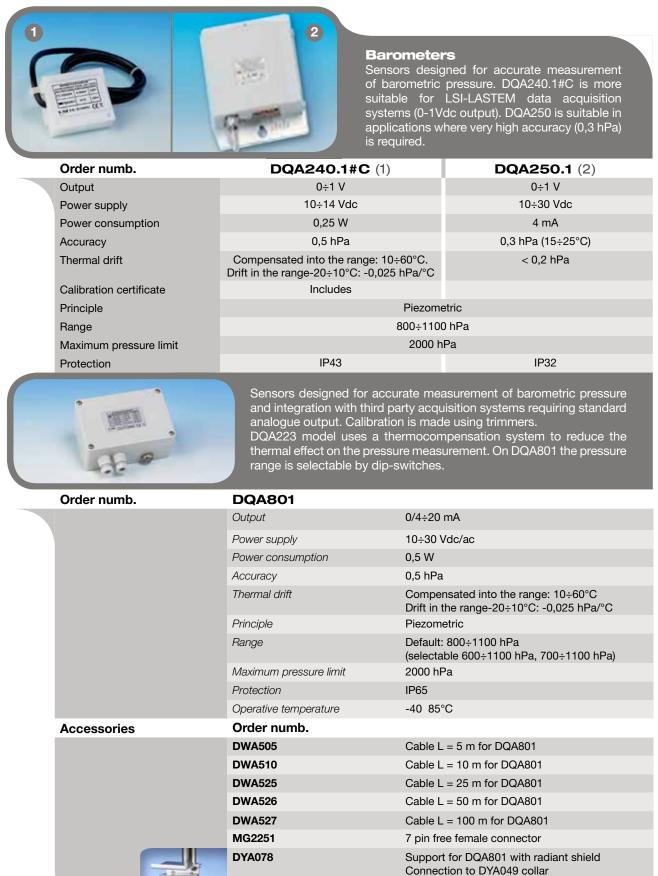
Rain presence sensors are used when it is necessary to discriminate between rainfall and condensation. The measurement principle employed is that of conductivity between two electrodes; these are kept above environmental temperature by heaters in order to prevent condensation.

N		
	numh	

Order numb.	DQA060	
	Principle	Capacitive
	Power supply	10÷14 Vdc
	Measure	Presence of rain
	Output	Relay contact (1A-40V)
	Operative temperature	0÷50°C
Accessories	Order numb.	
	DYA049	Mast-mounting device for ø 45-65 mm pipe
	DWA510	Cable L = 10 m
	DWA525	Cable L = 25 m
	DWA526	Cable L = 50 m
	DWA527	Cable L = 100 m

Barometric pressure
 Technical features - MODELS

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DYA049

Mast-mounting device for ø 45÷65 mm pipe







Evaporimeter LSI LASTEM evaporimeter pan and plastic platform are built to WMO

LSI LASTEM evaporimeter pan and plastic platform are built to WMO standards for class "A" evaporimeters. The pan is made in stainless steeL. The platform is made of white plastic. The pan features a stainless steel still well fit to contain the evaporimeter level sensor. The sensor consists of a piezometric water level sensor with analogue output for easy connection to any data acquisition systems. LSI LASTEM data loggers can manage the switching of a solenoid valve for the automatic refill of water (when the measured level is below 25 cm).

	Order numb.	DYI010	
	Evaporation pan	Design	WMO Class A
		Housing	Stainless steel AISI 304
		Evaporation surface	1,143 m ²
		Steel well	Included
		Weight	22 Kg
		Dimensions	Ø 1207 mm, H. 254
	Accessories	Order numb	
		DYI013	Plastic made platform
		DQC102	Piezometric type water level sensor
			Range: 0÷200 mm/H2O
			Output: 4÷20 mA
			Accuracy: Linearity: 0,1 % FS Stability: 0,1% FS Hysteresis: 0,03% FS
			Temp. Coeff Zero: typical: 0,015%FS/K, Max: 0,02% FS/K
			Temp. Coeff sensitivity: typical: 0,01%/K Max: 0,02% FS/K
			Material: Stainless steel
			Operative temperature: 0++50°C
			Power supply: 12 Vdc
		DWA510	Cable L = 10 m
		DWA525	Cable L = 25 m
		DWA526	Cable L = 50 m
		DWA527	Cable L = 100 m







Soil temperature sensors

DLE041 is used for temperature measurement on soil surface or buried at the required depth. It is made of a tightly waterproof shank and it can be also used for water temperature measurements.

Order numb.	DLEO41	
	Principle	Pt100 1/2 DIN B (Class AA)
	Measuring range	-20÷70°C
	Accuracy	0,15°C (0°C)
	Output	Pt100 DIN-IEC 751 table (EN 60751)
	Cable	L = 10 m
	Housing	Stainless steel AISI 304
	Operative temperature	-20÷70°C





Soil moisture sensor DQA340 is the ideal solution for the measurement of volumetric moisture in soils and other porous materials. The sensor is based on TDR technology (Time Domain Reflectometry), ensuring good accuracy even in very wet soils, and without special calibration for mineral soils. Using its rods, the sensor can be inserted in the material for 11 cm. It measures both soil moisture (0-100% range) and temperature.

	Order numb.	DQA340		
	Moisture	Principle	TDR (Time domain reflectometry)	
		Measuring range	0÷100% volumetric moisture	
		Accuracy	0÷40%: ± 1% 40÷70%: ± 2%	
	Temperature	Principle	Pt100 1/2 DIN B	
		Accuracy	± 0,2°C	
	General information	Power supply	6÷24 Vdc	
		Power consumption	Sleep: 5 mA Measuring: 120 mA	
		Cable	L = 5 m	
		Output	2x0÷1 V	







Visibility sensor and Present weather DPA305 and DPA312 visibility sensors with a measuring range up to 2 km is designed to detect fog and haze on roads and in tunnels. DPA305 with both digital and analogue outputs as well as relays for switching external equipment; it can be integrated into Intelligent Transport Systems and used for automatically switching warning signs in changing visibility conditions. DPA311 analyses water particles of different forms in the air as fog, rain or snow or mix form. It can measure visibility type of precipitation including its intensity.

or mix form. It can measure visibility, type of precipitation including its intensity and accumulation.

	Order numb.		DPA305 (1)	DPA312 (2)	DPA311 (2)
		Туре	Visibility		Visibility meter and Present weather
	Visibility	Principle	Forward-scattering a 45°	Optical backscatter	
		Range	<10 m÷2 km visibility (MOR)	10 m÷2 km visibility (MOR)	
		Accuracy	<= 10%	<100 m: ± 10 m >100 m: 10%	
		Resolution	NA	1 m	1 m
	Precipitation	Туре			WMO codes Tab.4680: Rain, snow, mixed rain/snow, fog, drizzle, clear
		Measures			Intensity: 0÷60 mm/h (±20%) Accumulation (mm/h)
		Resolution			Intensity: 0,1 mm/h Particle : >0,16 mm
		Measurement rate			60 s
	Informazioni generali	Output	4÷20 mA	RS485 Half duplex,	1200 bauds, ASCII
		Relays (n.3)	1) Fault 2) Visibility threshold YES/NO precipita- tion or 2 nd visibility threshold		
		Power supply	9÷36 Vcc	11÷1	5 Vdc
		Consumption	6 W normal running (no dew, heater ON) 2,5 W no dew heater OFF	60 mA + 200 mA	for lens heating
		Operative temperature	-30÷50°C	-30÷	0°℃

• Snow level Technical features - MODELS



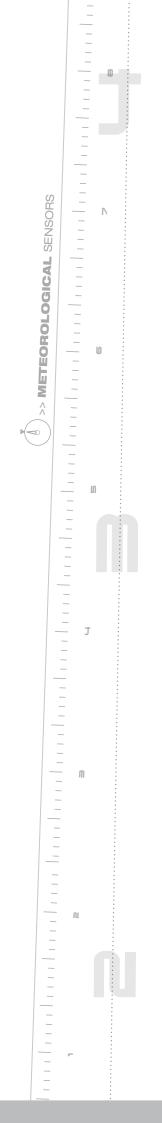


Snow level sensor

The robust design of DQL011 makes it the ideal solution for reliable measurement of snow-depth in extreme conditions. The additional air-temperature detection feature guarantees precise readings over a wide temperature range. The powerful ultrasonic impulses emitted by this sensor deliver reliable readings even when there is a difficult reflection ratio, as is the case with powdery or fresh snow. The sensor is characterized by a high level of operating reliability, low energy consumption and ease of use in the field.

	Order numb.	DQL011	
	Snow level	Principle	Ultra-sonic (frequency 50 kHz)
		Range	0÷8 m
		Resolution	1 mm
		Accuracy	< 0,1% Full scale
		Beamwidth	12°
	Air temperature	Principle	Semiconductor in radiant shield
		Range	-40÷+60°C
		Resolution	0,1°C
		Accuracy	< 0,15%
	General information	Power supply	10,5÷15 Vdc
		Power consumption	Max 200 mA, 5 mA (stand-by)
		Energy consumption	0,5 Ah/day (1 min. measuring interv.)
		Output 1	2x0/4-20 mA
		Output 2	RS232
		Operative temperature	-40÷+60°C
		Material	Aluminum
		Installation	Mast-mounting for 61 mm pipe
		Connector	12 pin-connector (cable not included)
	Accessories	Order numb.	
		DYA047	Support for DQL011 on meteo pole Ø 50 mm (maximum height: 4m)
		MN1072	Cable each meter

MW9000-ENG





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